

**In some countries students spend about 5 hours a day in school, in other countries they study even less. Does short school day have more advantages or disadvantages? Discuss.**

There are a lot of schools worldwide in which students have to spend around 5 hours a day while in other parts of the world students are at school for less than that. Most educational experts are of the opinion that the first system is more suitable for students and pupils tutors in schools for less than 5 hours are weaker in subjects like mathematics and physics.

Nowadays in most parts of the world children have to go to school for 12 years, in other words, ~~(in another word(s))~~ it is children under 18 who enjoy free education to learn how to read, write, learn mathematics and some physics and in most cases students have to spend at least 5 hours a day, 5 days a week to learn and practice what they have been taught. They need this minimum to practice and be corrected by their teachers in addition to entering into higher education institutes students have to pass the nation-wide entrance test, and according to the statistics students in systems with less than 5 hours a day have less chance to pass this kind such of competitions.

On the other hand, due to lack of educational resources and facilities, governments are in unable to provide proper educational system for at least 5 hours a day or. This kind of system of course is better than nothing and the most pressure is on the students who. Students have to dedicate more time to practice of what have has been taught at schools. Students in this system rarely find time to practice or be corrected by their teachers.

From my point of view, students have to spend at least 5 hours a day at their school to have enough time to learn different subjects and practice of those subjects and the rest of their time can be dedicated to physical activities or some other skills.